# 工作守則 第一部分:前言

# 工作守則之法律基礎

- 1.1 社會工作者註冊局(以下簡稱註冊局)根據《社會工作者註冊條例》(以下簡 稱「條例」) (香港法例第 505 章) 第 10(1)條,「為了就註冊社會工作者的 專業操守(包括關乎該等操守的道德事宜)提供實務指引」,批准及發出 《社會工作者工作守則》(以下簡稱「《工作守則》」)。這份文件列明社 會工作者(以下簡稱「社工」)與其服務對象、同工、受僱機構,在建立專 業關係時的道德行為標準,及面向專業和社會時應有的操守。
- 1.2 根據條例第 11 條,任何社工如沒有遵守《工作守則》,此並不構成違紀行 為。但若社工被指控犯下違紀行為時,註冊局和紀律委員會可顧及相關的《工 作守則》條文以决定其是否違紀。
- 1.3 根據條例第 10(2)條,註冊局須藉憲報公告《工作守則》。

# 社會工作的使命和性質

- 1.4 社工是負責社會照顧、輔導工作,及改善社會制度的專業人士。社會工作的服 務對象是指正在接受或已獲安排接受社工服務的個人、家庭、小組或社群的人 + .
- 1.5 社工相信任何社會都應為其公民謀取最大的福祉。故此,社會工作透過個案工 作、家庭工作、小組工作、社區發展、政策倡導、社會行動等方法,從而改善 個人、家庭及社區的功能和福祉;並促進服務對象自我完善,及改進其社會關 係和社會結構。整個過程以專業價值和道德原則為基礎,建立與服務對象互信 和互相理解的專業關係。
- 1.6 社會工作是以人為本的專業實踐,並不單是技巧的應用。社會公義和人權是社 會工作的核心價值觀念,而社工須持守相應的價值觀和解決專業實踐時所面對 的困難。
- 1.7 社工應協助服務對象在眾多的可能性中,辨別值得追求和可改善他們福祉的目 標;並協助服務對象選擇更佳的自我實踐途徑
- 1.8 社工的介入過程會影響社會和人際層面的權力分配。因此,社會工作專業應秉 持社會公義和維護人權的價值觀;而這些價值觀也是其他國際性社工專業組織 的工作守則的重要條文。

### **Code of Practice**

#### **Section 1: Preamble**

### **Legal basis of the Code of Practice**

- 1.1 In accordance with Section 10(1) of the Social Workers Registration Ordinance ("Ordinance") (Chapter 505), the Social Workers Registration Board ("SWRB") approves and issues the Code of Practice for Registered Social Workers ("Code") "for the purpose of providing practical guidance in respect of the professional conduct of registered social workers (including ethical matters relating to such conduct)". This document represents the standards of ethical behaviour for social workers in professional relationships with clients, with colleagues, with employing agency, and the conduct that social workers should have when facing the profession and the society.
- 1.2 Under Section 11 of the Ordinance, if any social worker fails to comply with the Code, this does not constitute a disciplinary offence. But the SWRB and the Disciplinary Committee may have regard to the Code for adjudication of a social worker alleged to have committed a disciplinary offence.
- 1.3 Under Section 10(2) of the Ordinance, the SWRB shall notify the public by notice in Gazette.

#### The mission and nature of Social Work

- 1.4 Social workers are professionals responsible for social care, counselling and improving social system. The clients of social work refer to the members in the society who are receiving or have engaged to receive direct services from social workers as individuals, families, groups or communities.
- 1.5 Social workers believe that each society should provide maximum benefits to its members. Hence, social work aims at improving the functions and well-being of individuals, families and communities, achieving self-improvement of individual clients, and improving relevant social relationships and social structures through casework, family work, groupwork, community development, policy advocacy and social actions etc. The whole process is based on the professional values and ethical principles and is to build up a professional relationship with clients of mutual trust and understanding.
- 1.6 Social work is a people-oriented professional practice, but not merely applying skills. Social justice and human rights are the core values of social work and social workers should uphold the corresponding values and resolve the problems arisen during professional practice.
- 1.7 Social workers have to help clients to identify, among various possibilities, the goals that are worthy to pursue and are able to improve their well-being, and to help clients to choose a better way of self-actualization.
- 1.8 Social work intervention affects the distribution of power both at social and interpersonal levels. Therefore, social work profession should in particular uphold the values of social justice and values of safeguarding human rights. These values also constitute part of the important provisions in the codes of practice of international professional organizations of social workers.

註冊社會工作者工作守則及實務指引—第二輪諮詢版本 (中英對照) Code of Practice & Guidelines for Registered Social Workers – Draft Version for 2<sup>nd</sup> Round Consultation (Bilingual Versions) 社會工作者註冊局 SWRB

# 第二部分:目的、內容、功能及使用

### 目的

2.1 《工作守則》的目的是為註冊社會工作者的專業操守作出指引,以加強公眾對 社工專業的信任和信心,保障服務對象及公眾人士。而為了幫助持份者更了解 《工作守則》第五部分的原則,註冊局制訂《實務指引》,列出相關的標準及 規則。社工必須遵守及協力實踐《工作守則》的要求。

# 内容

- 2.2 《工作守則》的第一部分「前言」說明社會工作是以人為本的專業實踐,因而 帶出對專業操守和道德的期望和反思。這對於整個專業整體或個別社工而言均 十分重要。
- 2.3 第二部分為「工作守則的目的、內容、功能及使用」。
- **2.4** 第三部分「信念與價值觀」闡述了社工的基本價值觀及信念,是我們對社工專業和社工的期望,亦是第五部分內容的基礎。
- 2.5 第四部分「道德實踐與決策」則從另一角度說明,當社工作出專業道德相關的 決定時,往往涉及一些複雜和獨特的實務處境,而第五部分所論述的原則和 《實務指引》所列出的標準及規則並不一定能全面描述及涵蓋所有可能出現的 處境,抉擇的過程亦是互動而多變。故此,社工不應教條式地遵守《工作守 則》,而應了解並承擔自己作為道德主體的角色和責任,並付諸實行。
- 2.6 第五部分「原則」闡述社工在專業實踐中,當面對不同持份者時應該持守的基本價值、信念和相關原則;而持份者包括服務對象、同工、受僱機構、社工專業,以及社會整體。
- 2.7 最後,第六部分「詞彙表」解釋部分術語的意思。

### 功能

- 2.8 《工作守則》有六個功能:
  - 2.8.1 確認社會工作的使命所建基的核心價值觀。
  - 2.8.2 概述社會工作專業的道德原則,並建立一套指導社會工作實務的具體專業道德標準。
  - **2.8.3** 幫助社工在專業責任或道德原則出現衝突時,提供專業判斷上需要考慮的相關因素。
  - 2.8.4 提供實務原則,讓公眾可以向社會工作專業問責。
  - 2.8.5 讓新入職的社工熟識社會工作的使命、信念、價值觀、原則和標準。

### Section 2: Purposes, Content, Functions and Usage

#### Purpose

2.1 The Code represents the guidance on professional conduct of registered social workers for the purpose of enhancing public trust and confidence in the social work profession and the protection of clients and members of society at large. In order to help stakeholders understand the principles laid in Section 5, the Guidelines on the Code are formulated to set out corresponding standards and rules. Social workers are required to comply with and to cooperate in the implementation of the Code.

#### Content

- 2.2 Section 1 "Preamble" of the Code states that social work consists of professional practice based on people-oriented values, which brings out expectations and reflections on professional conducts and ethics. This is very important to the profession as a whole as well as to individual social workers.
- 2.3 Section 2 "Purposes, Content, Functions and Usage" of the Code forms the content of this section.
- 2.4 Section 3 "Beliefs and Values" sets forth the basic values and beliefs of social work which are our expectations towards social work profession and social workers, which are also the basis for the content of Section 5.
- 2.5 Section 4 "Ethical Practice and Decision Making" explains from another perspective the complex and unique practical situations of social workers when making decisions related to professional ethics that may not be fully described and covered by the principles in Section 5, standards and rules stated in the Guidelines; and the process of decision making is interactive and dynamic. Therefore, social workers should not dogmatically comply with the Code. Rather, they should understand and assume their roles and responsibilities as a moral agent and put it into practice.
- 2.6 Section 5 "Principles" expounds the basic values, beliefs and relevant principles that the social workers should uphold in professional practice and when facing different stakeholders including clients, colleagues, employing agency, social work profession, and the society at large.
- 2.7 Finally, Section 6 "Glossary" explains the meanings of some terms mentioned in the Code.

#### **Functions**

- 2.8 The Code serves six functions:
  - 2.8.1 To identify core values on which social work's mission is based.
  - 2.8.2 To summarize the ethical principles of the social work profession and establish a set of specific professional ethical standards that should be used to guide social work practice.
  - 2.8.3 To help social workers identify relevant considerations for making professional judgements when conflicts of professional obligations or ethical dilemmas arise.
  - 2.8.4 To provide practical principles to which the public can hold the social work profession accountable.
  - 2.8.5 To help fresh practitioners be familiar with social work's mission, beliefs, values, principles and standards.

**2.8.6** 清楚列明基本原則,讓註冊局和紀律委員會於評估社工有否違紀行為時 作為參考之用。

### 使用

**2.9** 對不同的持份者來說,使用《工作守則》的重點會有所不同,下面列出常見的 用途。

### 2.9.1 註冊社會工作者

社工應了解並接受《工作守則》所提出對社工專業水平、操守和誠信的 期望,並須遵守及協力實踐《工作守則》的要求。同時,社工應按照 《工作守則》所述的信念和原則作出明智的決定,並能向他人解說專業 決定的原則和理據。

### 2.9.2 服務對象、照顧者和公眾

《工作守則》讓服務對象、照顧者和公眾了解社工在其專業實踐中應達到的水平,特別是其專業操守和誠信的表現。任何人如發現某社工的表現明顯不符合《工作守則》的標準,或曾作出第五部分內列於「原則」中所標明不應作出的行為,均可以此為由,並按照有關程序向註冊局作出投訴。註冊局希望藉此《工作守則》維護服務對象、照顧者和公眾的福祉和利益。

### 2.9.3 社會工作者註冊局及紀律委員會

在處理有關社工的違紀投訴時,註冊局及紀律委員會可顧及《工作守則》和參考《實務指引》,並按條例之規定,以事件的所有資料與事實根據作出裁決。

2.8.6 To articulate basic principles for the SWRB and the Disciplinary Committee, as a reference to assess whether social workers have engaged in disciplinary offences.

### Usage

2.9 Different stakeholders will have different emphases on this Code when they use it. Following are some common usages.

#### 2.9.1 Registered Social Workers

Social workers should understand and accept the expectations of professional standards, conduct and integrity in the Code and are required to comply with and to cooperate in the implementation of the Code. They should also make sensible decisions in accordance with the beliefs and principles in the Code and explain the principles and justifications for professional decisions.

### 2.9.2 Clients, Carers and the Public

The Code provides clients, carers and the public with an understanding of the expectation on social workers in professional practice, especially their demonstration of professional conduct and integrity. If it is found that the performance of a social worker is obviously not in compliance with the Code, or he or she has done what listed in "Principles" of Section 5 that should not be done, a complaint can be filed against him or her to the SWRB according to the relevant procedures. SWRB hopes to protect the well-being and benefits of clients, carers and the public through the implementation of the Code.

### 2.9.3 SWRB and Disciplinary Committee

SWRB and Disciplinary Committee may have regard to the Code and refer to the Guidelines and the requirements of the Ordinance, as well as all relevant information and facts as a basis for adjudication in handling a complaint against a social worker alleged to have committed a disciplinary offence.

# 第三部分:信念與價值觀

### 3.1. 信念:致力服務社群

價值觀:社工的首要使命是協助有需要的人並致力回應社會問題。

當以專業身份行事時,社工要把專業服務放在個人目標或利益之上,並自律和 負責地運用他們的能力和權力服務社會。社工運用他們的專業知識、價值觀和 技能協助有需要的人,同時透過回應社會問題,推動社會進步。

### 3.2 信念:每人都具有與生俱來的尊嚴和價值

價值觀:社工尊重每人的獨特價值和尊嚴。社工顧及不同人的差異,留意社 會、文化及族裔的多樣性,並以關懷和尊重的態度對待每個人。

社工確認和尊重他們所處社會的多樣性,顧及個人、家庭、團體和社區的差 異。社工尊重個人與生俱來的尊嚴和價值,並不因個人的文化、年齡、社會或 經濟地位、宗教或信仰、性別、性別認同、性傾向或取向、政治或其他主張、 家庭狀況或崗位、教育程度、國籍、族裔、殘疾、語言、對社會的貢獻而有所 分別。

### 3.3 信念:每人都有自我實現和自我導向的潛能

價值觀:社工相信每人都有發展和追求自我實現的潛質,因而有責任鼓勵和促 進個人在顧及他人權益的情況下自我實現和自我導向。

社工力求提高服務對象作出改變和回應自己需求的能力和機會。社工明瞭自己 對服務對象和整體社會的雙重責任,因此促進服務對象作出對社會負責的自主 決定。在符合社工專業的價值觀和道德原則下,社工以負責任的態度尋求解決 服務對象與社會整體之間的利益衝突。社工促進服務對象的全面投入和參與, 使他們能夠深思熟慮地反思影響他們生活和行動各個方面的決定,達致自我實 現。

### 3.4 信念:維護人權和促進社會公義

價值觀:社工有責任維護人權,堅守社會公義的大原則。社工堅信每人都應該 擁有平等的權利、機會和合理的資源,以改善自己的生活。

社工致力促進社會改革以達致社會公義,包括敦促政府進行適當的資源再分配 政策,務求使大眾在可得到合理資源和權力的基礎下自我發展。對於社會上受 到壓迫和處於不利位置的社群,社工應敦促政府特別關注和照顧他們。

#### 3.5 信念:力臻完善

價值觀:社工在其專業能力範圍內進行實務工作,並發展和提高他們的專業技 能。

社工確認他們有責任維持專業能力為服務對象提供服務。社工在其能力範圍內

#### **Section 3: Beliefs and Values**

#### 3.1 Belief: Commitment to Service

Value: Social workers' primary mission is to help people in need and to strive to address social problems.

When acting in a professional capacity, social workers place professional service before personal goals or advantage, and use their power and authority to serve the society in a self-disciplined and responsible way. Social workers draw on their knowledge, values, and skills to help people in need and to address social problems for the betterment of society.

#### 3.2 Belief: Inherent Dignity and Worth of the Person

Value: Social workers respect the unique value and inherent dignity of every human being. Social workers treat each person in a caring and respectful fashion, mindful of individual differences and social, cultural and ethnic diversity.

Social workers recognise and respect the diversity of the society in which they practice, taking into account individual, family, group and community differences. Social workers respect the inherent dignity and worth of the person irrespective of one's age, contribution to society, culture, disability, educational attainment, ethnicity, family situation or status, gender identity, language, nationality, political and other opinion, religion or beliefs, sex, sexual orientation or preference, or socioeconomic status.

#### 3.3 Belief: Potential of Self-Actualization and Self-Direction of Individuals

Value: Social workers believe that individuals have the potential to develop and pursue self-fulfillment, and thus are responsible to encourage and facilitate the self-actualization and self-direction of individuals with due regard to the interest of others.

Social workers seek to enhance clients' capacity and opportunity to change and to address their own needs. Social workers are cognizant of their dual responsibility to clients and to the broader society. Thus, social workers promote clients' socially responsible self-determination. They seek to resolve conflicts between clients' interests and the broader society's interests in a socially responsible manner consistent with the values and ethical principles of the profession. Social workers promote the full involvement and participation of clients for self-actualization in ways that enable them to engage in reflective deliberation in all aspects of decisions and actions affecting their lives.

#### **Belief: Safeguard Human Rights and Advocate Social Justice**

Value: Social workers have responsibility to safeguard human rights and hold fast to the broad principle of social justice They firmly believe that every person should have equal rights, opportunities and reasonable resources to improve their living.

Social workers aim at achieving social justice by promoting social reforms, including urging the government to undertake appropriate policies of resources redistribution so as to ensure all persons can have access to reasonable resources and power as a basis for their self-development. Social workers should urge the government to give special attention and care, in particular, to the oppressed and disadvantaged groups in society.

#### 3.5 Belief: Commitment to Competence

Value: Social workers practise within their areas of competence and develop and enhance their professional expertise.

Social workers recognize the responsibility to maintain competence in the provision of social work services to clients. Social

進行實務工作,發展和提高他們的專業知識、技能和專長,並渴求在專業知識 發展方面作出貢獻。

3.6 信念:人際關係的重要性

價值觀:社工相信人際關係的重要性,並致力促進和提升服務對象的人際關係,藉此預防和減少他們在個人、家庭、社群和社區層面的困難和疾苦。

社工相信人際關係是帶來改變的重要媒介,在協助服務對象的過程中,社工視 每位持份者為工作夥伴,互動互補和相互協作。其最終目的是要恢復、維持、 改善和提升服務對象與他們的家庭和社群的關係;並期望能影響整個社區和社 會,促進人與人之間的良好關係,以達致互相尊重、關愛平等的境界。

3.7 信念:確保專業誠信

價值觀:社工重視專業的理想,以誠實、負責、可靠、公正的態度,並有自知、自省和洞察能力去從事他們的專業工作。

社工尊重其專業的目標、價值觀和道德原則。社工秉持行事誠實、可靠和負責 任的態度,維持高水平的專業操守。社工在專業實踐中力求不偏不倚,並避免 把自己個人的價值觀、觀點和喜好強加給服務對象。社工要與服務對象,以及 與他們有工作關係的專業人士建立良好的專業關係,並維持專業界線。 workers practise within their areas of competence develop and enhance their professional knowledge, skills and expertise. Social workers aspire after contributing to the knowledge development of the profession.

### 3.6 Belief: Importance of Human Relationship

Value: Social workers believe in the importance of human relationship and seek to facilitate and enhance the human relationship of clients for the prevention and alleviation of their difficulties and sufferings at individual, familial, social and community level.

Social workers believe that human relationship is an important medium of change. In the process of serving the clients, social workers see every stakeholder as a working partner who interacts complementarily and collaborate mutually. The ultimate goal is to resume, maintain, improve and enhance the relationship of the clients with their families and social groups in the hope that the entire community and society will be influenced and as a result the society may have a good human relationship with mutual respect, care, and equity.

### 3.7 Belief: Commitment to Professional Integrity

Value: Social workers value the ideals of the profession, and perform their professional conduct with honesty, responsibility, reliability, impartiality, self-awareness, self-reflection and discernment.

Social workers demonstrate respect for the profession's purpose, values and ethical principles. Social workers maintain high level of professional conduct by acting honestly, reliably and responsibly. Social workers strive for impartiality in their professional practice, and refrain from imposing their personal values, views and preferences on clients. Social workers are to establish the tenor of their professional relationship with clients, and others to whom they have a professional duty, and to maintain professional boundaries.

# 第四部分:道德實踐與決策

## 4.1 社會工作價值體系

- 4.1.1 在多元價值的社會裡,我們尊重各人的選擇自由;然而,社會工作專業 必需要有明確清晰的價值體系,在面對多變的實務處境時,能夠為社工 提供有效的指引,以完成社工的使命。
- 4.1.2 《工作守則》所提出的價值體系,是參照了西方社會的實踐和討論的成果,並結合本地社工前輩實踐智慧的結晶。社工為了履行和實踐這套價值體系,需要不斷的洞察和反思。透過實踐和討論,這套價值體系能協助社工應對實務上的課題,也同時為社工專業的未來發展奠下基礎。

### 4.2 承諾秉持道德實踐

- **4.2.1** 投身於社工專業的成員,首要遵行《工作守則》,並在實踐中反思。同時,透過參與業界的討論及參考國際的文獻和論述,回饋和豐富這套價值系統的內容,使它不斷革新和進步。
- **4.2.2** 作為一個有良好品格的專業人員,社工應真誠地運用專業原則和標準, 辨識專業道德上的議題和作出可靠的判斷。
- **4.2.3** 《工作守則》不能保證社工履行專業操守和行為,此行為應來自社工作 為這個道德群體的一員,在個人和集體層面努力而達致的成果。
- 4.2.4 《工作守則》一方面提供了對社工專業要求最基本的標準,另一方面, 也提出了社工專業所應該追求的更高層次的工作操守。兩者相輔相成, 於幫助社工在實踐方面符合基本標準的同時,也有助社工個人的進步和 專業道德的發展。

### 4.3 在價值體系下作道德決定

- 4.3.1 社工於具體應用《工作守則》時,必須考慮到實際的處境。《工作守則》並沒有規定社工在所有情況下應怎樣行事,社工應注意到有可能出現的道德兩難處境。
- 4.3.2 再者,《工作守則》不會說明在一些道德兩難的處境中,那一項價值 觀、原則和標準是優先或應凌駕於其他原則和標準之上。不同社工對各 項價值觀、原則和標準的重要性之排列,都可能存在一些可理解的意見 分歧。對於必須作出道德判斷的相關處境,社工應考慮到所有錄載於 《工作守則》和《實務指引》的相關價值觀念、原則和標準,其決定和 行動亦應與此兩份文件的內容和精神一致。
- 4.3.3 除了《工作守則》之外,社工應考慮一般的道德理論和原則、社會工作 理論和研究、法律、條例、機構政策,以及其他相關的道德規範守則。 唯在眾多的道德規範守則中,社工應以《工作守則》作為首要的決策參 考。社工也應意識到自己個人的價值觀、文化和宗教信念及做法對服務

### **Section 4: Ethical Practice and Decision Making**

#### 4.1 Social Work Value System

- 4.1.1 In a society of diverse values, we respect the freedom of choice of every person. However, the social work profession should have a clear value system that can provide an effective guidance for social workers to fulfill their mission in face of the dynamic practical situations.
- 4.1.2 The value system put forward by the Code, combined with the practical wisdom of local social work pioneers, has taken into consideration the practices and discussions of Western societies. In order to fulfill and implement this value system, we need constant discernment and reflection. Through practice and discussion, this value system can help social workers deal with practical issues as well as laying a solid foundation for the future development of the social work profession.

#### 4.2 Personal Commitment to Ethical Practice

- 4.2.1 First and foremost, members who commit themselves to the social work profession have to comply with the Code and to reflect it in the process of practice. At the same time, this value system will be renewed and improved continually when social workers give feedback to and enrich the content of it through participation in discussions of the professional community, and take reference of relevant international literatures and discussions.
- 4.2.2 Social workers as individuals of good character, should apply professional principles and standards in good faith, discern moral questions and seek to make reliable ethical judgements.
- 4.2.3 The Code offers no guarantee to social workers' professional ethics and behavior, which would be the outcome of the social workers' commitment to ethical practice individually and also collectively as a member of a moral community.
- 4.2.4 On one hand, the Code provides the most basic standards for requirements of social work profession; on the other hand, it also presents a higher level of work ethics that social work profession should strive for. These two work complementarily and help diligently social workers meet the basic value standards in practical work, which help the development of individual social workers and the advancement of professional ethics.

#### 4.3 Making Ethical Decisions under the Value System

- 4.3.1 Specific applications of the Code must take into account the context in which it is being considered. The Code does not prescribe how social workers should act in all situations. Social workers should be aware of the possibility of ethical dilemmas in application.
- 4.3.2 Further, the Code does not specify which value, principle, and standard is given priority or ought to outweigh others in any instances of ethical dilemmas. Reasonable differences of opinion can and do exist among social workers with respect to the ways in which values, principles, and standards should be rank ordered. Social workers should take into consideration all the values, principles, and standards in the Code and the Guidelines that are relevant to the situation in which ethical judgement is warranted. Social workers' decisions and actions should be consistent with the letter as well as the spirit of these two documents.
- 4.3.3 In addition to the Code, social workers should consider ethical theories and principles generally, social work theories and researches, laws, regulations, agency policies, and other relevant codes of ethics, recognizing that among codes of ethics social workers should consider the Code as their primary source. Social workers also should be aware of the impact of their own personal values, cultural and religious beliefs and practices on clients' decisions. They should be aware of any conflicts between personal and professional values and deal with them responsibly.

註冊社會工作者工作守則及實務指引—第二輪諮詢版本 (中英對照) Code of Practice & Guidelines for Registered Social Workers – Draft Version for 2<sup>nd</sup> Round Consultation (Bilingual Versions) 社會工作者註冊局 SWRB

對象的決策的影響,他們應注意到個人價值觀與專業價值觀之間可能出現的衝突,並以負責任的態度去處理這些衝突。

- 4.3.4 當個人價值觀與專業價值發生衝突時,社工首要的責任是先遵守《工作 守則》;並應反思和辨識,審視所衍生的效果是否對服務對象有所裨 益,或能改善他們的處境。整個過程有賴社工本乎個人的良知。
- 4.3.5 透過參與業界的討論,社工不斷豐富這套價值體系的內容。

- 4.3.4 When conflicts arise between personal and professional values, the prime responsibility of social workers is to comply with the Code. Social workers should reflect and discern the situation and examine the subsequent effects and see if they are beneficial to clients or if they can improve their situation. The whole process depends on personal conscience of the social worker.
- 4.3.5 The content of this value system will continue to be enriched through social workers' participation in the discussion of the professional community.

第五部分:專業實踐原則	Section 5: Principles of Professional Practices
5.1 與服務對象相關	5.1 Related to Clients
	Responsibilities
5.1.1 社工應該將維護服務對象的最佳利益放在首位,同時適當地顧及他人的利益。	5.1.1 Social workers should maintain the best interests of clients as a priority, with due regard to the respective interests of others.
5.1.2 為了服務對象的最佳利益,社工應在有需要的時候,讓其他社工或專業人士參與提供服務,並 和他們協作。	5.1.2 For the best interests of clients, social workers should involve and collaborate with other social workers or professionals when needed.
文化意識及社會多樣性	Cultural Awareness and Social Diversity
5.1.3 社工應了解文化和社會制度對人類行為和社會的影響。	5.1.3 Social workers should understand the influences of culture and social system towards human behavior and society.
5.1.4 社工應理解和顧及服務對象的文化,以及明白不同社群和文化組群之間的差異。	5.1.4 Social workers should understand and attend to their clients' cultures and be able to recognise the cultural differences among different community groups and cultural groups.
知情權及自決權	Rights of Informed Decision and Self-determination
5.1.5 社工應該讓服務對象知悉本身的權利及協助他們獲得適切的服務,且應盡量使服務對象明白服務的內容,為實現自決權所要作出的承擔及可能產生的後果。	5.1.5 Social workers should inform clients of their rights and assist them to obtain appropriate services. Clients should also be informed, as far as possible, the services provided to them, the obligations and possible consequences associated with the realization of self-determination.
使用資料及保密原則	Use of Information and Principles of Confidentiality
5.1.6 社工應按照《個人資料(私隱)條例》(香港法例第 486 章) 和相關法例的要求,尊重和保護服務對象在保障私穩和保密個人資料方面的權利;這些個人資料包括但不限於書面記錄、照片、音頻和視頻記錄。	5.1.6 Social workers should inform clients of their rights and assist them to obtain appropriate services. Clients should also be informed, as far as possible, the services provided to them, the obligations and possible consequences associated with the realization of self-determination.
5.1.7 社工應該告知服務對象有關保密性所受到的限制,以及在特定的情況下,保密原則可能會不適 用。	5.1.7 Social workers should inform clients of the limits of confidentiality and that in given situations it may not be held.
5.1.8 在披露個案資料時,社工應該盡可能事先取得服務對象和相關機構的同意,並採取必要和負責 任的措施,刪除一切可以識別身份的資料。	5.1.8 In disclosing case materials, social workers should seek consent, as far as possible, from the client and the relevant agency and make necessary and responsible efforts to have unnecessary identifying information of clients redacted.
5.1.9 社工應採取預防措施,確保和維持傳達給其他人士的資料的保密性,並盡量避免披露足以識別 服務對象身份的資料。	5.1.9 Social workers should take precautions to ensure and maintain the confidentiality of information transmitted to other parties. Disclosure of identifying information should be avoided whenever
5.1.10 無論使用任何方式的電子通訊,社工都應該保護服務對象的機密資料。	possible.
5.1.11 當法律程序在進行中,社工應在法例容許的範圍內,保護服務對象的機密資料。	5.1.10 Social workers should protect confidentiality of clients whenever using any kind of electronic communication.
	5.1.11 Social workers should protect the confidentiality of clients during legal proceedings to the extent permitted by law.
利益衝突	Conflicts of Interest
5.1.12 社工應保持警覺,避免可能影響其專業判斷能力的潛在利益衝突。	5.1.12 Social workers should stay alert of and avoid potential conflicts of interest which may affect their ability to exercise professional judgement.
5.1.13 社工對服務對象應該有合適的角色和責任,並確使與服務對象的關係符合其需要。	5.1.13 Social workers should define appropriate role and responsibility and ensure that the relationship serves the needs of clients.

性關係	Sexual Relationship
5.1.14 社工應該保持專業的界線,不得與服務對象有涉及與性相關的行為;這種行為等於在專業關係中濫用權力。	5.1.14 Social workers should maintain professional boundaries and should not engage in behaviour of a sexual nature with clients. Such behaviour represents an abuse of power in the professional relationship.
持續提供服務	Continuation of Service
5.1.15 社工應在能力範圍內和考慮服務對象的意願下,讓有相關需要的服務對象持續獲得適切的服務。	5.1.15 Social workers should, within their capabilities and consideration of the willingness of clients, maintain appropriate service provision to clients with relevant needs.
	Billing Practice
5.1.16 如服務需要收費,社工應制訂合理的收費措施,並清楚知會服務對象。	5.1.16 Social workers should, within their capabilities and consideration of the willingness of clients, maintain appropriate service provision to clients with relevant needs.
5.2 與同工相關	5.2 Related to Colleagues
尊重	Respect
5.2.1 社工應尊重其他社工及其他專業人士不同的意見及工作方法。	5.2.1 Social workers pay due respect to different opinions and practices of other social workers and other professionals.
跨界別協作	Interdisciplinary Collaboration
5.2.2 社工與其他專業人士協作,以提高服務的質素。	5.2.2 Social workers collaborate with other professionals to enhance quality of service.
5.3 與機構有關	5.3 Related to Agency
<ul> <li>5.3.1 社工應向受僱機構負責,提供具效率及效能的專業服務。</li> <li>5.3.2 社工應作出建設性及負責任的行動,以影響並改善受僱機構的政策、程序及工作方式,務求令機構的服務水準不斷提升,及使社工不會因執行機構的政策時而牴觸《工作守則》。</li> <li>5.3.3 負責行政事務的社工,除了須履行《工作守則》內的一般專業操守外,在機構的管理事務上,亦須履行其專業道德責任。</li> <li>5.3.4 社工在其受僱的機構內推動服務對象參與社區活動時,應持平及公正。</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>5.3.1 Social workers should be responsible to the employing agency for efficient and effective performance of professional duties.</li> <li>5.3.2 Social workers should act constructively and responsibly to influence and to improve policies, procedures, and practice of their employing agencies in order to continuously improve the quality of service and to prevent social workers from violating the Code when enforcing agency policies.</li> <li>5.3.3 Besides observing general professional ethics in the Code, social workers in charge of administrative affairs should also fulfill their professional and ethical obligations when performing management duties.</li> <li>5.3.4 When social workers encourage service users in their employing agencies to participate in community activities, they should be fair and just.</li> </ul>
5.4 與專業有關	5.4 Related to Profession
職效能力	Competence
<ul><li>5.4.1 社工應只在其專業經驗和職效能力的範疇內提供服務。</li><li>5.4.2 社工應真實無訛地提供專業資格的資料。</li><li>5.4.3 社工應在獲得專業資格的人士的督導和培訓後,方可採用該等介入方法或技巧提供服務。</li></ul>	<ul> <li>5.4.1 Social workers should provide services only within the boundaries of their professional experience and competence.</li> <li>5.4.2 Social workers should provide true and accurate information of their professional qualifications.</li> <li>5.4.3 Social workers should use intervention methods or skills to provide services only after they received supervision and training from those who obtained related professional qualifications.</li> </ul>

專業發展	Professional Development
5.4.4 社工有責任不斷增進本身的專業知識和技能,並協助其他社工的專業發展。	5.4.4 Social workers should accept responsibility for upgrading their professional skills and knowledge, and to help other social workers in their professional development.
督導及培訓	Supervision and Training
5.4.5 社工認同督導在教育、支援、發展和工作上所扮演的角色。	5.4.5 Social workers recognise the role of supervision in education, support, development of social workers in their professional practice.
5.4.6 社工應與受其督導或培訓者保持恰當的專業關係,以履行其責任。	5.4.6 Social workers should maintain a proper professional relationship with their supervisees or trainees so as to perform their duties.
專業責任	Professional Responsibilities
5.4.7 社工應持著誠實、誠信及盡責的態度從事其專業工作。	5.4.7 Social workers should maintain honesty, integrity and responsibility in professional practice.
5.4.8 社工對於其他社工及機構應予尊重,在提供服務上以服務對象的利益為依歸。	5.4.8 Social workers should respect other social workers and agencies and provide services for the interests of clients.
<ul><li>5.4.9 對專業作出公開評論時,社工應持著負責任和建設性的態度。</li><li>5.4.10 社工應向有關機構報告任何有違專業操守或《工作守則》而危害服務對象利益的行為,並不</li></ul>	5.4.9 When making public comments about the profession, social workers should do so in a responsible and constructive manner.
需要時維護那些受到不公正指控的社工。	5.4.10 Social workers should bring to the attention of appropriate bodies any violation of the Code that may put the interests of clients at risk, and should be ready to defend other social workers against unjust accusations.
5.5 與社會有關	5.5 Related to Society
5.5.1 社工應推動社會政策的改革,以專業知識和技能,促進公平的政策和法律。	5.5.1 Social workers should promote reform of social policies, advocate for fair policies and laws with professional knowledge and skills.

第六部分:詞彙表		Section 6: Glossary		
	意思	Term	Meaning	
社會工作介入	社會工作介入是社工採用的計劃、行動、技巧或上述的 組合,往往需要與其服務對象及其他相關人士合作。實 施這些介入措施的目的是改善服務對象的福祉,或改善 相關的社會結構和系統。	Social work intervention	Social work interventions are plans, actions, skills or combinations of them applied by social workers, often in collaboration with their clients and other related parties. They are implemented for the purpose of improving well-being of the clients, or bettering related social structures and systems.	
社會工作者(簡稱社工)	按照《社會工作者註冊條例》的定義,「社會工作者」 指「註冊社會工作者」。	Social worker	It means "registered social worker" as defined in the Social Workers Registration Ordinance.	
服務對象	「服務對象」是接受社工服務的人士,可以是正在接受或已獲安排接受社會工作服務的個人、家庭、小組或社群。在通常的情況下,服務對象的利益指服務對象以維持或促進他們福祉所選擇或喜愛的、事物或情況。	Clients	"Clients" is the service recipients of social workers. It can be a person, family, group of persons or community that is receiving or has engaged to receive social work service. In general circumstances, interest of clients refers to what clients choose or prefer so as to maintain or promote their wellbeing.	
受僱機構	指社工以全時間或部分時間受僱的機構,包括但不限於 政府部門、非政府組織、培訓機構和任何其他提供社會 工作服務的組織。	Employing agency	It refers to the organization to which social worker is employed in either full-time or part-time capacity, including but not limited to government department, non-governmental organization, training institute or any other organization that provides social work service.	
專業資格	這個術語不等同於在《社會工作者註冊條例》(香港法例第505章)下承認的使社工得以註冊的「社會工作專業資格」。在《工作守則》中,「專業資格」是一個普通用詞。	Professional qualification	The term DOES NOT equal to "social work qualification" recognised for social worker registration under the Social workers Registration Ordinance (Cap. 505). It is rather used as a general term in the Code.	
臨床服務	臨床服務是在一個專業關係的脈絡中提供的社會工作服務,目標是協助服務對象處理他們心理、情緒、精神、 人際或家庭的問題。通過這些臨床服務活動,社工幫助 服務對象探索他們的問題和需要,確定他們的能耐,找 出資料和資源的所在,探索可行的選項,找出解決方案 以及做決定。	Clinical service	Social work service provided within the context of a professional relationship with the goal of assisting clients in addressing their psychological, emotional, mental, interpersonal or family issues. Through such clinical service activities, social workers help clients to explore their issues and needs, identify strengths, locate information and resources, explore options, find solutions and make choices.	

(附註: 如中英文版的內容有歧義,以中文版為準。)

(Remark: Chinese version prevails over English version if there is any discrepancy.)

工作守則實務指引	Guidelines on Code of Practice		
第一部分:前言	Section 1: Preamble		
1.1 《社會工作者工作守則》(以下簡稱「《工作守則》」)的目的是為註冊社會工作者的專業操守作出指引,以加強公眾對社工專業的信任和信心,保障服務對象及公眾人士。為了幫助持份者更了解《工作守則》第五部分所列出的專業實踐原則,社會工作者註冊局(以下簡稱註冊局)制訂《社會工作者工作守則實務指引》(以下簡稱《實務指引》),進一步列出相關的標準及規則。	1.1 The Code of Practice for Registered Social Workers ("Code") represents the guidance on professional conduct of registered social workers for the purpose of enhancing public trust and confidence in the social work profession and the protection of clients and members of society at large. In order to help stakeholders understand the principles laid in Section 5 of the Code, the Social Workers Registration Board ("SWRB") has formulated the Guidelines on the Code of Practice ("Guidelines") that further set out corresponding standards and rules.		
具份拍引》(以下間件《具份拍引》),進一少列山阳關时標準及規則。 	1.2 As stated in section 1.2 of the preamble of the Code, if any social worker fails to comply with the Code, this does not		
1.2 正如《工作守則》的前言 1.2 所述,任何社工如沒有遵守《工作守則》,此並 不構成違紀行為。而《工作守則》 2.9.3 亦提到在處理有關社工的違紀投訴 時,註冊局及紀律委員會可顧及《工作守則》和參考《實務指引》,並按條例	constitute a disciplinary offence. Besides, section 2.9.3 of the Code mentions that SWRB and Disciplinary Committee may have regard to the Code and refer to the Guidelines and the requirements of the Ordinance, as well as all relevant information and facts as a basis for adjudication in handling a complaint against a social worker alleged to have committed a disciplinary offence.		
之規定,以事件的所有資料與事實根據作出裁決。  1.3 雖然《實務指引》並不如《工作守則》般按條例規定而須刊憲公告,註冊局仍  金書是家世傳法工和公眾獲知或取得是新版本的《實務指引》。只為茶家更修	1.3 Though the Guidelines are not required to be gazetted in accordance with the Ordinance as if the Code, SWRB will try to make necessary arrangements to ensure the social workers and the public are informed of or could obtain the latest version. SWRB will consult the social workers on any proposed amendments to the Guidelines in the future.		
會盡量安排使社工和公眾獲知或取得最新版本的《實務指引》。日後若需要修 訂《實務指引》,註冊局亦會先諮詢社工意見。	1.4 As a reference document, the Guidelines cannot exhaust all possible circumstances or scenarios. Social workers should use the Code as the guiding principle and the Guidelines as a reference.		
1.4 作為一份參考文件,《實務指引》不能盡列所有可能出現的情況或處境。社工 於實踐專業行為時應以《工作守則》為指導原則,以《實務指引》為參考。	1.5 Since the Guidelines are an extension of Section 5 of the Code, in order to facilitate easy reading and reference, the sequential numbering of the standards and rules listed in the Guidelines are align with those of Section 5 of the Code.		
1.5 由於《實務指引》是《工作守則》第五部分內容的延伸,為了方便閱讀和援引,《實務指引》列出的標準及規則的編號,與《工作守則》第五部分所列出的專業實踐原則的編號保持一致。			

第五部分:專業實踐原則、標準及規則 5.1 與服務對象相關		Section 5: Principles, Standards & Rules of Professional Practices 5.1 Related to Clients			
職責		Responsibilities			
5.1.1 社工應該將維護服務對象的最佳利益 務對象的最佳利益 放在首位,同時適 當地顧及他人的利 益。	<ul> <li>5.1.1.1 除非其他人的安全或權利會受損害,否則社工應該將服務對象的利益放在首位。</li> <li>5.1.1.2 當社工代表決策能力有限或受損的服務對象行事時,無論他們是否有另一些人作為合法監護人,社工仍然應該維護他們的安全、權益和利益。</li> <li>5.1.1.3 社工應讓服務對象知悉,在特殊情況下,服務對象的利益並非優先於其他人的利益、法律要求或提供服務的條件。</li> </ul>	5.1.1 Social workers should maintain the best interests of clients as a priority, with due regard to the respective interests of others.	<ul> <li>5.1.1.1 Social workers should put the interests of clients at a position of paramount importance unless safety or rights of others would be jeopardized.</li> <li>5.1.1.2 Social workers should safeguard the safety, rights and interests of clients who have limited or impaired decision-making capacity when acting on their behalf, irrespective whether they are the social workers are legally authorized or not.</li> <li>5.1.1.3 In exceptional circumstances, the priority of clients' interests may be outweighed by the interests of others, legal requirements or conditions of service provisions. Clients should be made aware of such situations.</li> </ul>		
5.1.2 為了服務對象的最 佳利益,社工應在 有需要的時候讓其 他社工或專業人士 參與提供服務,並 和他們協作。	<ul> <li>5.1.2.1 在任何情況下,社工應該維護服務對象的私隱,盡可能讓服務對象知情和獲得其允許。</li> <li>5.1.2.2 社工應該向服務對象解釋讓其他社工或專業人士參與提供服務的原因和此安排所涉及服務對象的權利。</li> <li>5.1.2.3 社工應在可行的情況下,讓服務對象參與這些諮詢。</li> </ul>	5.1.2 For the best interests of clients, social workers should involve and collaborate with other social workers or professionals when needed.	<ul> <li>5.1.2.1 Social workers should maintain the privacy of clients, and with clients' knowledge and consent, whenever possible.</li> <li>5.1.2.2 Social workers should explain to the clients the reasons of involving and collaborating with other social workers or professionals and the clients' rights to this arrangement.</li> <li>5.1.2.3 Social workers should include clients in such consultations where feasible.</li> </ul>		
文化意識及社會多樣性		Cultural Awareness and Social Diversity			
5.1.3 社工應了解文化和 社會制度對人類行 為和社會的影響。	5.1.3.1 社工應了解社會多樣性的本質,以及因文化、 年齡、社會或經濟地位、宗教或信仰、性別、 性別認同、性傾向或取向、政治或其他主張、 家庭狀況或崗位、教育程度、國籍、族裔、殘 疾、語言、對社會的貢獻所帶來的困境。	5.1.3 Social workers should understand the influences of culture and social system towards human behavior and society.	5.1.3.1 Social workers should seek to understand the nature of social diversity, and the oppression with respect to age, contribution to society, culture, disability, educational attainment, ethnicity, family situation or status, gender identity, language, nationality, political and other opinion, religion or beliefs, sex, sexual orientation or preference, or socio-economic status.		
5.1.4 社工應理解和顧及服務對象的文化,以及明白不同社群和文化組群之間的差異。	<ul> <li>5.1.4.1 社工應盡力以服務對象能夠理解的語言或方式,在可行和適當的情況下使用傳譯員或翻譯員,為服務對象提供方便獲取的服務。</li> <li>5.1.4.2 社工應具文化視野並顧及文化差異,盡力參與發展和執行相關的實務工作。</li> <li>5.1.4.3 當社工參與教育、行政或政策發展時,應促進對文化和跨文化議題的認識。</li> </ul>	5.1.4 Social workers should understand and attend to their clients' cultures and be able to recognise the cultural differences among different community groups and cultural groups.	<ul> <li>5.1.4.1 Social workers should endeavour to provide accessible services to clients in languages or modalities which they understand, using interpreters or translators wherever feasible and appropriate.</li> <li>5.1.4.2 Social workers should have a cultural vision and take into account the cultural differences, and try their best to participate in developing and implementing related practice work.</li> <li>5.1.4.3 When engaged in education, administration or policy development, social workers should promote awareness of cultural and cross-cultural issues.</li> </ul>		
		Rights of informed decision and self-dete	ermination		

- 5.1.5 社工應該讓服務對 象知悉本身的權利 及協助他們獲得適 切的服務,且應盡 量使服務對象明白 服務的內容,為實 現自決權所要作出 的承擔及可能產生 的後果。
- **5.1.5.1** 社工尊重服務對象的自決權,並應積極協助及促進他們實現自決。
- 5.1.5.2 因應服務對象在自決權和能力方面的限制,社工應鼓勵他們盡量參與訂定其目標,作出選擇和決定可獲得的服務。
- 5.1.5.3 如果服務對象是在強制情況下使用服務,社工 應清楚說明其權利和權限,並協助他們訂定其 目標,作出選擇和決定可獲得的服務。
- 5.1.5.4 如果服務對象的行為或潛在的行為,可能對他們自己或他人構成嚴重和可預見的風險,社工應按照其專業判斷,考慮限制服務對象的知情權或自決權。
- 5.1.5.5 社工應將投訴的途徑告訴服務對象,不應阻止 服務對象向受僱機構或其他有關當局提出針對 他們的投訴。

- 5.1.5 Social workers should inform clients of their rights and assist them to obtain appropriate services. Clients should also be informed, as far as possible, the services provided to them, the obligations and possible consequences associated with the realization of self-determination.
- 5.1.5.1 Social workers respect the right of self-determination of clients and should actively assist and enhance them in realizing self-determination.
- 5.1.5.2 Taking into account some clients' limited capacity and their rights to self-determination, social workers should encourage clients to participate as far as possible in decision-making about the goals, alternatives and services available to them.
- 5.1.5.3 Social workers should clearly inform clients, who are using services mandatorily, of their rights as well as the limits of their rights and assist them in participating as far as possible in decision-making about the goals, alternatives and services available to them.
- 5.1.5.4 If the behaviour or potential behaviour of clients may pose serious and foreseeable risks to themselves or others, social workers should, in accordance with their professional judgement, consider limiting their clients' rights of informed decision and self-determination.
- 5.1.5.5 Social workers should inform clients of the channels for them to make complaints. They should not deter clients from lodging complaints against them with the employing agency or other authorities.

## 使用資料及保密原則

# 5.1.6 社工應按照《個人 資料(私隱)條例》 (香港法例第486 章)和相關法例的 要求,尊重和保護 服務對象在保障私 穩和保密個人資料 方面的權利;這些 個人資料包括但不 限於書面記錄、照 片、音頻和視頻記 錄。

- 5.1.6.1 當社工向家庭、夫婦、伴侶或小組提供輔導服務時,社工應就保障各人私隱的權利,以及對其他參與者分享資料的保密義務,徵求大家的同意。這個協議應考慮到服務對象之間或服務對象與其他人,在輔導環節以外是否可以經由個人親身或電子方式交流保密資料。
- 5.1.6.2 社工應該將其受僱機構的私隱政策,告知服務 對象。如果社工是私人執業的,則須告知服務 對象有關他向各方之間披露機密資料的私隱政 策。
- 5.1.6.3 社工應妥善保管服務對象的記錄和所有敏感資料,並應採取合理的措施,確保記錄儲存在安全的地點及未經授權不能取閱任何記錄。
- 5.1.6.4 除非能夠確保私隱受到保障,社工不應以電子 形式或親身在任何場合討論機密資料。社工不 應在公眾或半公眾的地方,如走廊、等候室、 升降機和餐廳等,討論機密資料。
- 5.1.6.5 社工應遵從僱用機構有關適時通知服務對象當 涉及洩露機密資料時的政策和程序。如屬私人 或獨立執業,應自行制訂及公開相關政策。

### **Use of Information and Principles of Confidentiality**

- 5.1.6 Social workers should respect and protect clients' right to privacy and confidentiality of their information, including but not limited to written records, photos, audio and video records, subject to statutory requirements, especially the Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance (Cap. 486).
- 5.1.6.1 When social workers provide counseling services to families, couples, partners, or groups, social workers should seek agreement among the parties involved concerning each individual's right to confidentiality and obligation to preserve the confidentiality of information shared by others. This agreement should include consideration of whether confidential information may be exchanged in person or electronically, among clients or with others outside formal counseling sessions.
- 5.1.6.2 Social workers should inform clients of the employing agency's policy, or in case of self-employed, the social workers' own policy, concerning the disclosure of confidential information among the parties involved in the counseling.
- 5.1.6.3 Social workers should protect the confidentiality of clients' records and other sensitive information. Social workers should take reasonable steps to ensure that clients' records are stored in a secure location and that clients' records are not available to unauthorized access.
- 5.1.6.4 Social workers should not discuss confidential information, electronically or in person, in any setting unless privacy can be ensured. Social workers should not discuss confidential information in public or semi-public areas such as hallways, waiting rooms, elevators, and restaurants.
- 5.1.6.5 Social workers should follow the employing agency's policies and procedures for notifying clients of any breach of confidential information in a timely

	5.1.6.6 一旦知悉服務對象的記錄或資料,包括社工的電子通訊或儲存系統,被未經授權者取閱,社工應該按照適用法例及受僱機構的相關政策處理及跟進;如果是私人執業的社工,則他們應該按照自己訂立的政策,告知服務對象該等機密資料洩露事件。	manner. Those who are self-employed should develop and disclose the related policy.  5.1.6.6 Upon knowing any unauthorized access to client records or information, including any unauthorized access to the social worker's electronic communication or storage systems, social workers should inform clients of such disclosures, consistent with applicable laws and the related policy of the employing agency, or in case of self-employed, social workers' policy, concerning the disclosure of confidential information.
5.1.7 社工應該告知服務 對象有關保密性所 受到的限制,以及 在特定的情況下, 保密原則可能會不 適用。	對象或其他人造成可預見、緊急或嚴重的傷 clients of the limits of	5.1.7.1 The general expectation for social workers to keep confidentiality does not apply when disclosure is necessary, such as, for preventing foreseeable, imminent or serious harm to the client or others
5.1.8 在披露個案資料時,社工應該盡可能事先取得服務對象和相關機構的同意,並採取必要和負責任的措施,刪除一切可以識別身份的資料。	the client and the relevant agency and make necessary and responsible efforts to have	their clients for teaching or training purposes unless the clients have consented to disclosure of confidential information.
5.1.9 社工應採取預防措施,確保和維持傳達給其他人士的資料的保密性,並盡量避免披露足以識別服務對象身份的資料。	5.1.9.2 社工在回應媒體人員的要求時,應保護服務對象的機密資料。 information transmitted to other parties. Disclosure of identifying	<ul> <li>5.1.9.1 Social workers should protect the confidentiality of clients when publishing articles or any kinds of writing.</li> <li>5.1.9.2 Social workers should protect the confidentiality of clients when responding to requests from members of the media.</li> </ul>
5.1.10 無論使用任何方式 的電子通訊,社工 都應該保護服務對 象的機密資料。	5.1.10.1 當社工透過電子媒介提供服務時,應告知服務 對象使用該等服務的限制和風險。 5.1.10.2 社工應保護服務對象的電子記錄的機密性,並 採取合理的措施,確保這些記錄儲存在安全的 地點,任何未經授權者不得取閱服務對象的記	<ul> <li>5.1.10.1 When services are to be provided via electronic media, social workers should inform clients of the limitations and risks associated with such usage.</li> <li>5.1.10.2 Social workers should protect confidentiality of clients' electronic records. Social workers should take reasonable steps to ensure that these records are stored in a secure location and not available to unauthorized access.</li> </ul>

錄。  5.1.10.3 社工應採取合理的措施,保護電子通訊的機密 資料,包括提供給服務對象或第三者的資料。 社工使用電子通訊時應採取適當的保安措施, 例如加密、使用防火牆或密碼等。  5.1.10.4 社工不應在網站或任何形式的社交媒體上張貼 服務對象的任何機密資料。		<ul> <li>5.1.10.3 Social workers should take reasonable steps to protect the confidentiality of electronic communications, including information provided to clients or third parties. Social workers should use applicable safeguards when using electronic communication, such as encryption, firewalls, or passwords.</li> <li>5.1.10.4 Social workers should not post any confidential information about clients on websites or other forms of social media.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>5.1.11.1 除非法例要求,否則當執法機關要求社工提供有關其服務對象的個人資料時,社工應作出專業判斷,衡量提供資料會否危害服務對象或其他人士的人身安全或利益。如有需要,社工應該取得服務對象的同意。</li> <li>5.1.11.2 如公共機關有搜查令,視乎情況,及如合適,社工應配合及提供基本和必要的資料。如有需要,社工應就是否申請暫緩該搜查令而迅速尋求法律意見。</li> <li>5.1.11.3 當社工收到法庭的指令,要求在未得到服務對象的同意下披露機密資料,而披露該等資料又可能會對服務對象造成損害時,視乎情況,及如合適,社工應向法庭申請撤回有關指令,或盡可能收窄該項指令所涉及的範圍,或密封該等紀錄,不讓公眾人士查閱。</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>5.1.11.1 Subject to statutory requirements, when receiving a request from the law enforcement agency to provide personal information about their clients, social workers should make a professional judgement as to whether or not the provision of the information would jeopardize the personal safety or interests of the clients or other people. When necessary, social workers should inform the clients or seek his/her consent.</li> <li>5.1.11.2 If the public authority holds a search warrant, depending on the circumstances and if appropriate, social workers should cooperate and provide information that is basic and necessary. When necessary, social workers should seek prompt legal advice on whether to file an application for setting aside the warrant.</li> <li>5.1.11.3 When a social worker received a court order to disclose confidential information without the client's consent and such disclosure may cause harm to the client, depending on the circumstances and if appropriate, the social worker should apply to the court for withdrawing the order, limiting the order as narrowly as possible, or maintaining the records under seal and unavailable for public inspection.</li> </ul>
	Conflicts of interest	
<ul> <li>5.1.12.1 當社工知悉某些因素或價值觀上的衝突可能對服務對象造成傷害時,應該考慮避免向該服務對象提供服務。</li> <li>5.1.12.2 假如利益衝突很可能發生或無可避免,社工應盡可能作出申報,並將利益衝突的情況知會服務對象,並讓服務對象知悉他們有權要求終止服務或接受轉介。</li> <li>5.1.12.3 社工不應利用專業關係獲取任何實質或非實質的好處,或利用他人謀取任何個人或其他利益包括政治利益。</li> </ul>	5.1.12 Social workers should stay alert of and avoid potential conflicts of interest which may affect their ability to exercise professional judgement.	<ul> <li>5.1.12.1 Social workers should consider refraining from providing services to clients when they are aware of factors or value conflicts that may cause harm to clients.</li> <li>5.1.12.2 If a conflict of interest is likely or unavoidable, social workers should as far as possible declare and make such conflict of interests known to clients and inform clients of their rights to terminate the service or to request for transfer.</li> <li>5.1.12.3 Social workers should not take advantage, tangible or not, of any professional relationship or exploit others to further their personal or other interests including political interests.</li> </ul>
	資料,包括提供給服務對象或第三者的資料。 社工使用電子通訊時應採取適當的保安措施, 例如加密、使用防火牆或密碼等。  5.1.10.4 社工不應在網站或任何形式的社交媒體上張貼 服務對象的任何機密資料。  5.1.11.1 除非法例要求,否則當執法機關要求社工提 供有關其服務對象的個人資料時,社工應作 出專業判斷,衡量提供資料會否危害服務對 象或其他人士的人身安全或利益。如有需要,社工應配合及提供基本和必要的資料。如有需要,社工應就是否申請暫緩該搜查令而迅速尋求法律意見。  5.1.11.2 如公共機關有搜查令,視乎情況,及如合適, 社工應配合及提供基本和必要的資料。如有需要,社工應配配。 要,社工應可表提供基本和必要的資料。如有需要,社工應配益及提供基本和必要的資料。如有需要, 求法律意見。  5.1.11.3 當社工收到法庭的指令,要求在未得到服務對 象的同意下披露機密資料,而披露該等資料又可能會對服務對象造成損害時,視乎情況,及如合適,社工應向法庭申請撤回有關指令,或 盡可能收容該項指令所涉及的範圍,或密封該等紀錄,不讓公眾人士查閱。  5.1.12.1 當社工知悉某些因素或價值觀上的衝突可能 對服務對象造成傷害時,應該考慮避免向該 服務對象提供服務。  5.1.12.2 假如利益衝突很可能發生或無可避免,社工 應盡可能作出申報,並將利益衝突的情況知 會服務對象,並讓服務對象知悉他們有權要 求終止服務或接受轉介。  5.1.12.3 社工不應利用專業關係獲取任何實質或非實 質的好處,或利用他人謀取任何個人或其他	5.1.10.3 社工應採取合理的措施,保護電子通訊的機密資料,包括提供給服務對象或第三者的資料。 社工使用電子通訊時應採取適當的保安措施,例如加密、使用防火牆或溶碼等。  5.1.10.4 社工不應在網站或任何形式的社交媒體上張貼服務對象的任何機密資料。  5.1.11.1 除非法例要求,否則當執法機關要求社工提供有關其服務對象的個人資料時,社工應作出專業判斷,衡量提供資料會否危害服務對象或其他人士的人身安全或利益。如有需要,社工應配合及提供基本和必要的資料。如有需要,社工應配合及提供基本和必要的資料。如有需要,社工應配合及提供基本和必要的資料。如有需要,社工應配合及提供基本和必要的資料。如有需要,社工應配合及提供基本和必要的資料。如有需要,社工應配合及提供基本和必要的資料。如有需要,社工應配合及提供基本和必要的資料。如有需要,社工應配合及提供基本和必要的資料。如有需要,社工應配合及提供基本和必要的資料。如有需要,社工應配合及提供基本和必要的資料。如有需要,社工應配合及提供基本和必要的資料。如有需要,社工應配合及提供基本和必要的資料。如有需要,社工應可能收率該模定過去與不可能的之限。可能的主題的方面,或率封該等紀錄,不讓公眾人士查閱。  5.1.11.2 當社工知悉某些因素或價值觀上的衝突可能對股務對象達成傷害時,應該考慮避免向該服務對象是供服務。  5.1.12.1 當社工知悉某些因素或價值觀上的衝突可能對於多數學是供服務。  5.1.12.2 假如利益衡突很可能發生或無可避免,社工應應那可對學,並讓服務對象知悉他們有權學求終止服務或接受轉介。  5.1.12.3 社工不應利用專業關係獲取任何實質或非實質的好處,或利用他人讓取任何價有或非實質的好處,或利用他人讓取任何價有或其實質的好處,或利用他人讓取任何價質或非實質的好處,或利用中業關係發取任何實質或非實質的好處,或利用他人讓取任何價值或其實質的好處,或利用他人讓取任何價值或其實質的好處,或利用他人讓取任何價值或其實質的好處,或利用他人讓取任何價值或其實質的好處,或利用他人讓取任何價值或其實質的好處,或利用他人讓取任何價值或其實質的好處,或利用他人讓取任何價值或其實質的好處,或利用他人讓取任何個人或其他

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5.1.13 社工對服務對象應 該有合適的角色和 責任,並確使與服 務對象的關係符合 其需要。	5.1.13.1	當社工為兩個或以上彼此有關係的人士提供服務,應向他們澄清自己的角色和責任。 當社工預期服務對象之間會有利益衝突或潛在利益衝突(如社工在兒童管養權爭議或離婚訴訟中需要提供資料作證),應澄清他們對相關各方所扮演的角色和責任,並採取適當的行動盡量減少角色衝突。	5.1.13 Social workers should define appropriate role and responsibility and ensure that the relationship serves the needs of clients.	<ul> <li>5.1.13.1 When social workers provide services to two or more people who have a relationship with each other, they should clarify their roles and responsibilities with the parties involved.</li> <li>5.1.13.2 Social workers who anticipate a conflict of role among the individuals receiving services or who anticipate having to perform in potentially conflicting roles (for example, when a social worker is asked to testify in a child custody dispute or divorce proceedings involving clients) should clarify their role with the parties involved and take appropriate action to minimize any conflict of role.</li> </ul>
性關係	1		Sexual Relationship	
5.1.14 社工應該保持專業 的界線,不得與服 務對象有涉及與性 相關的行為;這種 行為等於在專業關 係中濫用權力。	5.1.14.2	在任何情況下,社工不得與服務對象進行任何涉及性的行為或行徑。 如令服務對象面對被剝削或受到潛在傷害的 風險,則社工不應與服務對象的近親或有密 切關係的人進行涉及性的行為或行徑。 社工不應為過去與其本人有性關係的人士提 供臨床服務。	5.1.14 Social workers should maintain professional boundaries and should not engage in behaviour of a sexual nature with clients. Such behaviour represents an abuse of power in the professional relationship.	<ul> <li>5.1.14.1 Social workers should under no circumstances be engaged in any sexual behaviour or conduct of a sexual nature with clients.</li> <li>5.1.14.2 When there is a risk of exploitation or potential harm to the client, social workers should not engage in any sexual behaviour or conduct of a sexual nature with clients' close relatives or other individuals with whom clients maintain a close personal relationship.</li> <li>5.1.14.3 Social workers should not provide clinical services to individuals with whom they have had a prior sexual relationship.</li> </ul>
持續提供服務	1		Continuation of Service	
5.1.15 社工應在能力範圍 內和考慮服務對象 的意願下,讓有相 關需要的服務對象 持續獲得適切的服 務。		會因經濟能力而不能適時獲取所需要的服務。	5.1.15 Social workers should, within their capabilities and consideration of the willingness of clients, maintain appropriate service provision to clients with relevant needs.	<ul> <li>5.1.15.1 In the case where there is a change of post or job, social workers should make proper arrangement for the handing-over of the work to another colleague, so that the clients can obtain relevant services continuously.</li> <li>5.1.15.2 When clients do not need the related service any more, social workers should assist them to review whether they need other services and make proper arrangement accordingly within their capabilities.</li> <li>5.1.15.3 If and when a fee for service is required, social workers should, as far as possible, ensure that clients would not be denied timely services they need because of financial constraints.</li> <li>5.1.15.4 In the case where there are unexpected circumstances or situations beyond their control (for example, the shutdown of a service unit or the clients are overage) and social workers have to stop providing services to related clients, they should make proper arrangement for the clients so that they can obtain relevant services continuously.</li> </ul>
<b>收費措施</b>			Billing Practice	
5.1.16 如服務需要收費, 社工應制訂合理的 收費措施,並清楚 知會服務對象。	5.1.16.1	社工應制訂及維持收費的措施,使之能準確 地反映所提供的服務性質和範圍。如為私人 執業的社工,該等措施應使服務對象能識別 由誰人提供有關服務。	5.1.16 If service fee is required, social workers should establish reasonable billing practices and inform clients of such clearly.	5.1.16.1 Social workers should establish and maintain billing practices that accurately reflect the nature and extent of services provided. Those who are self-employed should also enable such billing practices to identify who has provided the service in the practice setting.

5.2 與同工相關	5.1.16.2	在提供服務之前,社工應清楚告訴服務對象 有關各種服務的收費率和費用。	5.2	Related to Colleagues	5.1.16.2	2 Social workers should clearly inform clients of all fee rates and charges before services are delivered.
原則	標準及		Princ	iples	Standaı	rds & Rules
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尊重			Respo	ect		
5.2.1 社工應尊重其他社 工及其他專業人士 不同的意見及工作	5.2.1.1	社工應促進有效的團隊合作和溝通,以提高 服務的效率和問責性。	5.2.1	Social workers pay due respect to different opinions and practices of other social workers	5.2.1.1	Social workers should promote effective teamwork and communication for an efficient and accountable social work service.
方法。	5.2.1.2	當與其他社工及專業人士一起工作時,社工 應該以負責任的態度表達建議、批評和解決 衝突。		and other professionals.	5.2.1.2	Social workers should express suggestion, criticism and resolve conflict in a responsible manner when working with other social workers and other professionals.
	5.2.1.3	社工應保持開放的態度,接受同工對他們的 專業實踐作出的建設性的評論。			5.2.1.3	Social workers should remain open to colleagues' respectful constructive comments on their practice or behaviour.
	5.2.1.4	無論對方隸屬任何機構,社工應以公平和專 業的態度執行職務和對待同工。			5.2.1.4	Social workers should discharge duties and treat co-workers, irrespective of which organizations they are from, in a fair and professional manner.
	5.2.1.5	如果團隊的決定引起社工關於專業道德方面 的關注,社工應設法透過恰當的渠道來解決 分歧。如果這樣仍未能解決分歧,社工應尋 求其他適當和符合服務對象利益的途徑,來 處理他們所關注的問題。			5.2.1.5	Social workers on whom a team decision raises ethical concerns should attempt to resolve the disagreement through appropriate channels. If the disagreement cannot be resolved, social workers should pursue other appropriate avenues to address their concerns consistent with clients' wellbeing.
	5.2.1.6	社工應該與不同種族、文化、宗教和其他背 景及身份的同工,建立互相尊重的合作關 係。			5.2.1.6	Social workers should engage in respectful collaborative relationships with colleagues from different ethnic, cultural, religious and other backgrounds and identities.
	5.2.1.7	在促進和容讓服務對象擁有選擇權的前提下,社工應尊重其他同工和機構的觀點及安排。如發現服務對象正接受其他社工提供相同的服務,社工應尋求協商。			5.2.1.7	When promoting and allowing clients to have right of choice, social workers should pay due respect to the views and arrangements of other social workers and agencies. Social workers should seek consultation when their clients are found to receive duplicate services.
跨界別協作	1		Inter	disciplinary Collaboration	<u> </u>	
5.2.2 社工與其他專業人 士協作,以提高服 務的質素。	5.2.2.1	當與其他社工和專業人士(不管是否在同一機構工作)服務同一服務對象時,在不違反私隱政策下,社工應適當地分享有關資料,並與相關人士協調計劃和行動。	5.2.2	Social workers collaborate with other professionals to enhance quality of service.	5.2.2.1	When serving the same clients, if not contrary to privacy policies, social workers should, where appropriate, share relevant information and coordinate plans and actions with other social workers and colleagues from other disciplines (whether or not of the same agency) to serve the needs and interests of clients.
	5.2.2.2	當社工作為一個專業跨界別團隊的成員時,應 本著專業的角度、價值觀和經驗,參與和促成 將會影響服務對象福祉的決定。			5.2.2.2	Social workers who are members of an interdisciplinary team participating in and contributing to decisions that affect the well-being of clients, should

			draw on the expertise, perspectives and values of the social work profession.
5.3 與機構有關		5.3 Related to Agency	J.
原則	標準及規則	Principles	Standards & Rules
5.3.1 社工應向受僱機構 負責,提供具效率 及效能的專業服	5.3.1.1 負責行政事務的社工應在工作能力範圍內 向機構內外倡導和爭取足夠的資源以滿足服 務對象的需要。		5.3.1.1 Social workers in charge of administrative affairs should, within their capabilities, advocate and strive for sufficient resources from inside and outside of their agencies to serve the needs of their clients.
務。	5.3.1.2 負責制定督導及培訓的社工,應採取合理技施,以確保機構有足夠的資源為下屬提供設當的督導及培訓。	昔 duties.	5.3.1.2 Social workers who are responsible for providing supervision and training should adopt reasonable measures to ensure that the agency provides sufficient resources for their subordinates to receive proper supervision and training.
	5.3.1.3 如社工認為受僱機構的政策及規章或會減何 其服務效率或成效,又或會損害服務對象的 利益,他們應促請機構關注。		5.3.1.3 Social workers should draw to the attention of the employing agency when they believe that the policies, rules and regulations of the agency are undermining the efficiency or effectiveness of their service, or jeopardizing the interest of clients.
	5.3.1.4 如遇緊急情況,社工應在能力範圍內提供 時所需服務;如所需服務超出機構的服務範 圍,應在有需要時作出轉介。		5.3.1.4 In the case where there is an emergency, social workers should attend to the cases within their capabilities and provide immediate as well as necessary services. If the service requested is beyond the agency's scope of service,
	5.3.1.5 社工若因道德、宗教及文化信念拒絕履行机 構指派的職務,應提出與《工作守則》相符 的合理理由。		social workers should make referrals as and when necessary.  5.3.1.5 Social Workers who refuse to engage in work that offends against deeply
	5.3.1.6 社工在發表任何公開言論或進行公開活動時,應表明自己是以個人身份、代表團體或機構名義行事。		moral, religious and cultural convictions should have justifiable grounds that are consistent with the values outlined in the Code.  5.3.1.6 Social workers should make clear in any public statements or when
	5.3.1.7 社工不應在未經受僱機構的同意下,利用權		undertaking public activities whether they are acting in a personal capacity or on behalf of a group or an organization.
	構與外界的聯繫,為其私人業務招攬服務對 象。	为	5.3.1.7 Social workers should not use institutional affiliation to recruit clients for private practice without the consent of the employing agency.
5.3.2 社工應作出建設性 及負責任的行動, 以影響並改善受僱	5.3.2.1 社工應該向受僱機構提出建設性的意見、回應 及建議,以維護社會工作的價值體系及服務等 象的權利。	_	5.3.2.1 Social workers should give constructive comments, feedback and suggestions to their employing agencies to uphold social work values and clients' rights.
機構的政策、程序 及工作方式,務求 令機構的服務水準	5.3.2.2 社工應就可能違反專業守則及有關規章的 況,向受僱機構作出提醒。	procedures, and practice of their employing agencies in order to continuously improve the quality	5.3.2.2 Social workers should alert their employing agencies of any possible violation of the professional code of practice and related legislations.
不斷提升,及使社工不會因執行機構的政策時而牴觸《工作守則》。	5.3.2.3 假如社工已向受僱機構反映,但機構仍然持續 其不當行為,使服務對象利益受損或可能 損,社工應將事件提請有關組織注意。	when enforcing agency policies	5.3.2.3 If inappropriate practices by the employing agencies still persist and the interests of clients are put at risk despite social workers' efforts to give feedback to the agencies, social workers should bring the matters to the attention of an appropriate body.
5.3.3 負責行政事務的社 工,除了須履行	5.3.3.1 社工應向有關的政府部門提出建設性的意見 回應及建議,以維護社工的價值觀及服務對領		5.3.3.1 Social worker should give constructive comments, feedback and suggestions to related governmental department to uphold social work values and clients'

《工作守則》內的一般專業操守外,在機構的管理事務上,亦須履行其專業道德責任。	5.3.3.2 社工應設法為員工爭取或維持足夠的工作人手	ethical obligations when performing management duties.	<ul> <li>right.</li> <li>5.3.3.2 Social workers should seek to obtain or maintain adequate staff levels and reasonable working conditions for staff.</li> <li>5.3.3.3 Social workers should ensure that staff members are fit to practise and hold appropriate qualification. Social workers should provide references to staff members and let them understand their roles and responsibilities.</li> <li>5.3.3.4 Social workers should evaluate the performance of staff fairly and responsibly, with reference to the Code.</li> </ul>
5.3.4 社工在其受僱的機構內推動服務對象參與社區活動時,應持平及公正。			, , , , ,
5.4 與專業有關		5.4 Related to Profession	
原則	標準及規則 	Principles	Standards & Rules
職效能力		Competence	
5.4.1 社工應只在其專業經驗和職效能力的範疇內提供服務。	關的專業經驗的範疇內,提供服務或及聲稱自己具備有關的職效能力。  5.4.1.2 假如服務對象所面對的難題並非社工個人能力、或機構的資源與服務範圍所能解決時,應予適當轉介。從事私人執業進行社工實務的社工,應只在其能力範圍內提供服務。一旦服務對象的需要超出其能力範圍,社工應予以適當的轉介。任何有關其服務的宣傳,均應建基於該等社工的實際資格、經驗和專長。		competent only within the boundaries of their education, training, professional experience, or other relevant professional experience.  5.4.1.2 Social workers should make appropriate referral if their clients' problems are beyond social workers' competence, or the agency's resources or scope of service. Social workers who are engaged in private or independent practice should practise only within their areas of competence and offer suitable referrals when clients' needs go beyond their areas of competence. Any publicity on their practice should be made based on the actual qualifications, experience and expertise.
5.4.2 社工應真實無訛地 提供專業資格的資			

	料。		其社工的身份。		their professional qualifications.		documentary evidence of being registered if required.
5.4.3	社工應在獲得專業 資格的人士的督導 和培訓後,方可採 用該等介入方法或 技巧提供服務。	5.4.3.2	除非有合理原因,社工應只向那些已具備與須諮詢議題有關的知識、專長和工作能力的同工,諮詢他們的意見。  社工應在接受適當訓練或專業諮詢後,才在實踐中採用新的介入技巧或方法。  面對一些仍未有普遍認可標準的新興實務領域時,社工應小心判斷,在取得其僱用機構及上級認可的情況下,採取負責任的措施,以確保工作成效及保護服務對象免受傷害。	5.4.3	Social workers should use intervention methods or skills to provide services only after they received supervision and training from those who obtained related professional qualifications.	5.4.3.1 5.4.3.2 5.4.3.3	practice only after they received proper training or professional consultation.
專業發				Profes	sional Development		
5.4.4	社工有責任不斷增 進本身的專業知識 和技能,並協助其 他社工的專業發 展。		為增進本身的專業知識和技能,社工宜參加各類專業增值活動,如訓練課程或項目、講座、會議、研討會、論壇、工作坊等。 社工應協助新晉的社工建立、增強與發展其操守、價值觀、及專業上的技能與知識。	5.4.4	Social workers should accept responsibility for upgrading their professional skills and knowledge, and to help other social workers in their professional development.		Social workers are recommended to attend various kinds of professional enhancement activities such as training courses or programmes, talks, conferences, seminars, forums, workshops etc. in order to upgrade their professional skills and knowledge.  Social workers should help those who are entering the profession to establish, strengthen and develop their ethics, values, professional skills and knowledge.
督導及	<b>と培訓</b>			Super	vision and Training		
5.4.5	社工認同督導在教 育、支援、發展和 工作上所扮演的角 色。		負責督導或培訓的社工,應透過適當的進修、培訓、諮詢和研究,學習及深化所需的知識、技能和方法,以能勝任專業督導和培訓方面的工作。 負責督導或培訓的社工,應只在其知識領域或專業能力範圍內提供訓練或發出指示。	5.4.5	Social workers recognise the role of supervision in education, support, development of social workers in their professional practice.		Social workers, who provide supervision or training, should possess and maintain necessary knowledge, skills and methodology through appropriate education, training, consultation and research to facilitate them to perform the tasks in professional supervision and training competently.  Social workers should provide training or instructions only within their areas of knowledge or competence.
5.4.6	社工應與受其督導 或培訓者保持恰當 的專業關係,以履 行其責任。		負責督導或培訓的社工,不應濫用與下屬或受訓者的專業關係,藉以謀取任何利益。 負責督導或培訓的社工,不應藉其督導權力與下屬、學生或受訓者,進行任何涉及性的行為或行徑。	5.4.6	Social workers should maintain a proper professional relationship with their supervisees or trainees so as to perform their duties.	5.4.6.2	Social workers who provide supervision or training should not abuse the professional relationship with supervisees or trainees for obtaining any interest.  Social workers who function as supervisors or trainers should not use their power as a supervisor to engage in any sexualbehaviour or conduct of a sexual nature with their supervisees, students or trainees over whom social workers exercises professional authority.
專業責	<b>賃任</b>	<u> </u>		Profes	ssional Responsibilities	I	
5.4.7	社工應持著誠實、 誠信及盡責的態度	5.4.7.1	社工不得在受藥物及酒精的不良影響下執行任 務。	5.4.7	Social workers should maintain honesty, integrity and	5.4.7.1	When performing their duties, social workers should be free from the undesirable influence of drugs and alcohol.

		5.4.7.3 當社工遇到利益或角色衝突時,應暫停與專業 關係有關的活動直至衝突化解後,才繼續從事 相關的專業活動。		suspend their activities related to their professional relationships. They should continue their professional engagement only after the conflicts are resolved.
5.4.8	社工對於其他社工 及機構應予尊重, 在提供服務上以服 務對象的利益為依 歸。	<ul><li>5.4.8.1 社工尊重服務對象的選擇權,不應為爭奪服務對象,而游說正接受其他社工服務的服務對象終止該服務。</li><li>5.4.8.2 如社工確實相信服務對象正在接受不適當的服務時,應按《工作守則》中第5.2.1條的實務指引來表達其關注。</li></ul>	5.4.8 Social workers should respect other social workers and agencies and provide services for the interests of clients.	<ul> <li>5.4.8.1 Social workers should not solicit clients of other social workers by persuading clients to leave the service being rendered by other social workers.</li> <li>5.4.8.2 If social workers believe, in good faith, that the clients do not receive appropriate services, social workers should express concern according to the guidelines set forth under clause 5.2.1 of the Code.</li> </ul>
5.4.9	對專業作出公開評 論時,社工應持著 負責任和建設性的 態度。	<ul><li>5.4.9.1 若無事實根據,社工應避免對專業作出負面的評論。</li><li>5.4.9.2 對於為業界作出正面及建設性的提議和意見, 社工應視之為其專業責任的一部分。</li></ul>	5.4.9 When making public comments about the profession, social workers should do so in a responsible and constructive manner.	<ul> <li>5.4.9.1 Social workers should refrain from criticizing the profession without solid ground.</li> <li>5.4.9.2 Social workers should perceive making constructive suggestions and ideas as part of their professional obligation.</li> </ul>
5.4.10	社工應向有關機構 報告任何有違專業 操守或《工作守 則》而危害服務對 象利益的行為,並 在有需要時維護那 些受到不公正指控 的社工。	<ul> <li>5.4.10.1 當社工應邀在專業失當調查中提供資料時,不得故意隱瞞其他社工專業失當的資料。社工應按個人所知,據實呈報。</li> <li>5.4.10.2 當社工應邀提供資料,應盡量按所知據實呈報,以維護社工免受不公正的指控。</li> <li>5.4.10.3 對於其他社工的專業失當行為,社工應提請有</li> </ul>	5.4.10 Social workers should bring to the attention of appropriate bodies any violation of the Code that may put the interests of clients at risk, and should be ready to defend other social workers against unjust accusations.	<ul> <li>5.4.10.1 Social workers should not knowingly withhold information concerning malpractice by other social workers when called upon to give information at any inquiry on malpractice. Social workers should report only those facts that are known to them personally.</li> <li>5.4.10.2 Social workers should as far as possible report facts known to them when being called upon to give information in defence of other social workers against unjust accusations.</li> </ul>
	H J   11.—11.	關團體(例如註冊局)或有能力制止該行為的 機構關注。		5.4.10.3 Social workers should bring the malpractice by other social workers to the attention of appropriate bodies such as SWRB, or the relevant agencies which are in a position to stop such malpractice.
5.5	與社會有關		5.5 Related to Society	attention of appropriate bodies such as SWRB, or the relevant agencies which
<b>5.5</b>			5.5 Related to Society  Principles	attention of appropriate bodies such as SWRB, or the relevant agencies which

註冊社會工作者工作守則及實務指引	-第二輪諮詢版本 (中英對照) Code of	Practice & Guidelines for Registered Social Workers – Draft Version for 2 <sup>nd</sup> Round Consultation (Bilingual Versions)	社會工作者註冊局 SWRB
5.5.1.3	及大眾福祉。 當政府或機構的政策和行動有損社 大眾福祉時,社工應喚起決策者和 些情況的關注。		gencies which jeopardize

5.5.1.4 社工應推動大眾尊重社會的多元文化,消除

歧視。

of cultures in the society so as to eliminate discrimination.

2021年5月14日